



Corrections and Community Supervision

Community Supervision

Legislative Report

2015

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This report was produced in response to legislation enacted in 2011 that merged the former Department of Correctional Services and the former Division of Parole into the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision. That legislation required the Commissioner of the new agency to provide an annual report to the legislature regarding: parolees released from prison to community supervision, parolees supervised on community supervision, parolees whose community supervision was revoked for violating the conditions of release, parolees who were returned to prison for a new offense, and parolees under community supervision who were transferred out of state to be supervised. This report provides the legislature with the required information. All references to community supervision refer to parole supervision; parolees on probation are not included in the report.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- There were 21,592 releases to supervision during 2014. This was a decrease of 9% from the 23,660 releases in 2005. (Table 1)
- In 2014, 5,368 or 25% of releases to community supervision were Board Releases. This was a decrease of 55% from the 12,002 Board Releases in 2005. This decrease was primarily a result of the change in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004. (Table 1)
- Between 2005 and 2014, the proportion of VFO or A1 Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 29% to 42%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 42% to 23%. (Table 2)
- Since 2010, the active parolee population under community supervision has declined from 38,062 to 35,634, which represents a decrease of 6%. This reduction is consistent with the 7% decrease in the prison population during the same time period. (Figure 1)
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2005 and 2014, the number of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased from 15,324 (36%) at the end of 2005 to 18,752 (53%) at the end of 2014. (Figure 2 and Table 6)
- On December 31, 2014, 27% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 20% at Level 2 (40:1), 29% at Level 3 (80:1), and 23% at Level 4 (160:1). (Table 12)
- The number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges decreased by 10%, from 13,522 in 2010 to 12,202 during 2014. The majority of violation outcomes in 2014 (85%) were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program, while 15% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community. (Table 14)
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 33% between 2005 and 2014. The number of parolees returned to prison for violating the conditions of parole increased 5% during the same time period. However, between 2008 and 2014, there was a decrease of 18% in violation returns. (Table 16)
- While 27% of the parolees being supervised were Level 1, 41% of the parolees returned to prison were Level 1. Conversely, 23% of parolees were supervised at Level 4, but only 7% of parolees returned to prison were Level 4. (Table 21)
- At the end of 2014, there were 1,299 parolees from New York who were being supervised out of state under the Interstate Compact. This was a decline of 5% since 2010. (Table 22).

- At the end of 2014, there were 1,102 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact. This was an increase of 16% since 2010. (Table 23)

Section 1 – Parolees Released to Community Supervision

There are four major mechanisms through which parolees are released to parole supervision in the community: 1) Board of Parole decision, 2) Presumptive Release, 3) Conditional Release, and 4) Other Release. Board releases are the result of the Parole Board making decisions to release parolees from prison to parole supervision. Board releases include releases as a result of Final Deportation and Shock hearings. Presumptive releases are releases from prison in which the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections and Community Supervision (DOCCS) makes determinations that inmates should be released from prison after having served at least 5/6 of their minimum sentences. For these releases, the Board of Parole sets the conditions of parole supervision in the community. Conditional releases are releases in which inmates have reached their conditional release dates (typically 6/7 of a determinate sentence; 2/3 of an indeterminate sentence) and are automatically released from prison on that date, unless good time has been lost while in prison. The Other Release category includes: being on parole supervision in another state and requesting transfer to New York (Cooperative cases), being judicially sentenced to parole supervision (i.e., Judicially Sentenced to the Willard Drug Treatment Campus), being a juvenile offender released to parole supervision directly from OCFS, being placed on parole supervision directly from local jail, and being placed on a specialized sex offender caseload in the community after a determination is made by the court (SIST¹).

- There were 21,592 releases to supervision during 2014, the lowest number since 2007. This was a decrease of 3% from the 22,146 releases in 2013 and a decrease of 17% from the 25,909 releases in 2007. (Table 1)
- In 2014, 5,368 or 25% of releases to community supervision were Board Releases. This was a decrease of 6,634, or 55%, since 2005 and a decrease of 3% since 2013. This decrease was primarily a result of the change in drug offender sentencing from indeterminate to determinate beginning in 2004. (Table 1)
- There were 14,742 conditional releases during 2014, which was a decrease of 3% from 2013.
- The number of conditional releases increased by 6,224 or 73% between 2005 and 2014. This was a result of changes in sentencing in New York from primarily indeterminate to primarily determinate. (Table 1)

¹ SIST stands for Strict and Intensive Supervision and Treatment. Sex offender parolees can be placed on this type of community supervision caseload as part of the civil management process in New York. Parolees must be referred (usually by DOCCS) for civil management prior to release from prison or discharge from parole supervision and evaluated by the Office of Mental Health (OMH). If OMH determines that the parolee suffers from a “mental abnormality”, the case is referred to the Attorney General for possible litigation. If the Attorney General proceeds with litigation, the parolee is entitled to a jury trial; a unanimous verdict is required for a parolee to be involuntarily confined or placed under intensive supervision. If the court finds that the parolee warrants Civil Management, but can safely be supervised in the community, he or she will be allowed to live in the community while supervised on a SIST caseload, as long as he or she complies with all the conditions set by the Board of Parole, does not break the law and receives the treatment he or she needs. For additional information on this topic, the following report can be referenced:
http://criminaljustice.state.ny.us/nsor/somta_report_april2008.pdf.

- Presumptive releases began in 2003 and peaked in 2005 at 2,075 releases. Since then, the number of presumptive releases has decreased by 97% to 56 releases in 2014. (Table 1)
- Among Other Releases, the number of Judicially Sanctioned offenders increased by 73% from the low of 429 in 2008 to 741 in 2014. This was an increase of 19% from 2013.
- The number of Juvenile Offender releases decreased by 35% from the high of 141 releases in 2008 to 92 releases in 2014. (Table 1)
- The number of Co-Ops released from other states to Community Supervision has increased by 40% since 2005. (Table 1)
- Between 2005 and 2014, the proportion of VFO or A1 Violent Offenders released to community supervision increased from 29% to 42%. During the same period of time, the proportion of Drug Offenders released to community supervision decreased from 42% to 23%. (Table 2)
- The COMPAS supervision model was implemented in January 2012. The four supervision levels and the accompanying supervision ratios (25:1, 40:1, 80:1, and 160:1) and reporting requirements were determined based on a number of risk factors for absconding, risk of any arrest, and risk of VFO arrest. SIST cases are supervised at a 10:1 ratio and are included in the Level 1 category. Sex offenders and discretionary mental health cases are also supervised at Level 1.
- During 2014, 31% of offenders released to supervision were supervised at Level 1 (25:1), 23% were supervised at Level 2 (40:1), 26% at Level 3 (80:1) and 18% at Level 4 (160:1). (Table 3)
- Among 2014 releases, Manhattan and the Western region had the largest proportion of offenders supervised at Level 1, with 34% each. Twenty percent of all parolees supervised at Level 1 were released to the Western region. (Table 3)

TABLE 1. OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2005-2014

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Releases to Community Supervision										
Board Releases	10,113	9,236	9,390	8,570	6,490	6,024	5,673	5,433	4,688	4,680
Final Deportations	163	113	48	83	74	48	65	54	40	29
Shock Board	1,726	1,015	855	741	706	790	868	719	778	659
Total Board	12,002	10,364	10,293	9,394	7,270	6,862	6,606	6,206	5,506	5,368
<i>Board Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>51%</i>	<i>43%</i>	<i>40%</i>	<i>36%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>27%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>25%</i>
Presumptive Release	2,075	1,724	1,243	751	541	268	158	80	94	56
Total Board/Presumptive Release	14,077	12,088	11,536	10,145	7,811	7,130	6,764	6,286	5,600	5,424
<i>Board/Presumptive Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>59%</i>	<i>51%</i>	<i>45%</i>	<i>39%</i>	<i>32%</i>	<i>30%</i>	<i>29%</i>	<i>28%</i>	<i>25%</i>	<i>25%</i>
Conditional Releases	8,518	10,618	13,053	14,662	15,501	15,595	15,230	15,298	15,179	14,742
<i>Conditional Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>36%</i>	<i>45%</i>	<i>50%</i>	<i>57%</i>	<i>63%</i>	<i>65%</i>	<i>66%</i>	<i>67%</i>	<i>69%</i>	<i>68%</i>
Co-Ops from Other States	391	430	527	364	522	481	515	518	625	549
Judicially Sentenced	506	510	476	429	535	539	527	586	624	741
Juvenile Offenders	98	95	95	141	131	102	86	70	84	92
Local Releases	70	98	216	154	117	52	27	20	15	22
SIST	--	--	6	13	30	15	21	23	19	22
Total Other Releases	1,065	1,133	1,320	1,101	1,335	1,189	1,176	1,217	1,367	1,426
<i>Other Percent of Total Releases</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>4%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>5%</i>	<i>6%</i>	<i>7%</i>
GRAND TOTAL RELEASES	23,660	23,839	25,909	25,908	24,647	23,914	23,170	22,801	22,146	21,592

**TABLE 2. ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT
OFFENDERS RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 2005 TO 2014**

Calendar Year	A1 Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2005	6,778	29%	1,508	6%	9,827	42%	3,250	14%	1,519	6%	708	3%	23,590	100%
2006	7,103	30%	1,620	7%	9,389	39%	3,341	14%	1,621	7%	667	3%	23,741	100%
2007	7,804	30%	1,768	7%	9,858	38%	3,573	14%	1,920	8%	770	3%	25,693	100%
2008	8,168	32%	1,738	7%	9,810	38%	3,423	13%	1,793	7%	822	3%	25,754	100%
2009	8,120	33%	1,727	7%	8,935	37%	3,257	13%	1,733	7%	758	3%	24,530	100%
2010	8,227	34%	1,604	7%	8,085	34%	3,355	14%	1,891	8%	700	3%	23,862	100%
2011	8,613	37%	1,607	7%	7,215	31%	3,085	13%	1,956	9%	667	3%	23,143	100%
2012	8,840	39%	1,726	8%	6,181	27%	3,208	14%	2,106	9%	720	3%	22,781	100%
2013	8,998	41%	1,620	7%	5,496	25%	3,278	15%	2,062	9%	677	3%	22,131	100%
2014	9,098	42%	1,643	8%	5,024	23%	3,257	15%	1,948	9%	600	3%	21,570	100%

Note: CY 2005 excludes 70 Local Releases. CY 2006 excludes 98 Local Releases. CY 2007 excludes 216 Local Releases. CY 2008 excludes 154 Local Releases. CY 2009 excludes 117 Local Releases. CY 2010 excludes 52 Local Releases. CY 2011 excludes 27 Local Releases. CY 2012 excludes 20 Local Releases. CY 2013 excludes 15 Local Releases. CY 2014 excludes 22 Local Releases.

**TABLE 3. COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES
RELEASED TO COMMUNITY SUPERVISION IN 2014**

Region	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Queens-LI	942	28%	581	17%	923	28%	812	24%	73	2%	3,331	100%
Brooklyn	853	31%	426	15%	784	28%	651	23%	63	2%	2,777	100%
Manhattan	857	34%	479	19%	646	25%	501	20%	58	2%	2,541	100%
Bronx	719	29%	604	25%	644	26%	418	17%	69	3%	2,454	100%
Hudson Valley	856	31%	1,094	39%	495	18%	283	10%	56	2%	2,784	100%
Central NY	1,099	28%	912	23%	1,147	29%	668	17%	96	2%	3,922	100%
Western	1,293	34%	807	21%	1,009	27%	639	17%	35	1%	3,783	100%
Total	6,619	31%	4,903	23%	5,648	26%	3,972	18%	450	2%	21,592	100%

Section 2 – Parolees Under Community Supervision

This section presents information about parolees who were under supervision on December 31 of a particular year. This population reflects parolees under active supervision and, except where specifically reported, excludes parolees who are incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. Parolees on temporary release from prison and in community preparation status are excluded from the figures.

- Since 2010, the active parolee population under community supervision has declined 6% from 38,062 to 35,634. This reduction is consistent with the 7% decrease in the prison population during the same time period. (Figure 1)
- On December 31, 2014, the total parolee population was 45,913. Sixty percent (27,658) were streeted, or actively reporting to a parole officer. Out of state parolees made up 21% (9,717) of the parolee population. Eleven percent (5,109) were confined in local jails, federal or other facilities or in a DOCCS facility. (Table 4)
- On December 31, 2014, there were 562 parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities. The majority of these individuals (82%) were housed in Parole Program Facilities, including Willard, Edgecombe, Hudson, and Orleans. (Table 5)
- While the total number of parolees under community supervision decreased between 2005 and 2014, the number of parolees under community supervision for violent offenses increased from 15,324 (36%) at the end of 2005 to 18,752 (53%) at the end of 2014. (Figure 2 and Table 6)
- The number of parolees under community supervision for drug offenses decreased 56% from 17,548 at the end of 2005 to 7,693 at the end of 2014. In 2005, 42% of parolees were drug offenders, compared to only 22% in 2014. (Figure 2)
- On December 31, 2014, 44% of the 562 incarcerated parolees were under supervision for Property and Other Offenses, followed by Drug Offenses (38%). (Table 7)
- Almost half (49%) of the parolees under community supervision on December 31, 2014 were African-American. The median age of these parolees was 37 and almost half (48%) were from New York City. The large majority (93%) of parolees under supervision were male. (Table 8)
- Sixty percent of parolees under community supervision had a drug abuse history. (Table 8)
- Of the parolees under community supervision, 2,819 or 8% were registered sex offenders. (Tables 9A and 9B)
- Seven percent, or 2,345 of parolees under community supervision at the end of 2014, were female. Among female parolees, 33% were convicted of a Legislative VFO. The next largest crime category was Drug Offenses, which represented 24% of the female parolees. (Tables 10A and 10B)

- On December 31, 2014, there were 120 Juvenile Offenders under community supervision. (Table 11)
- On December 31, 2014, 27% of parolees on the street were supervised at COMPAS Supervision Level 1 (25:1), 20% at Level 2 (40:1), 29% at Level 3 (80:1), and 23% at Level 4 (160:1). (Table 12)

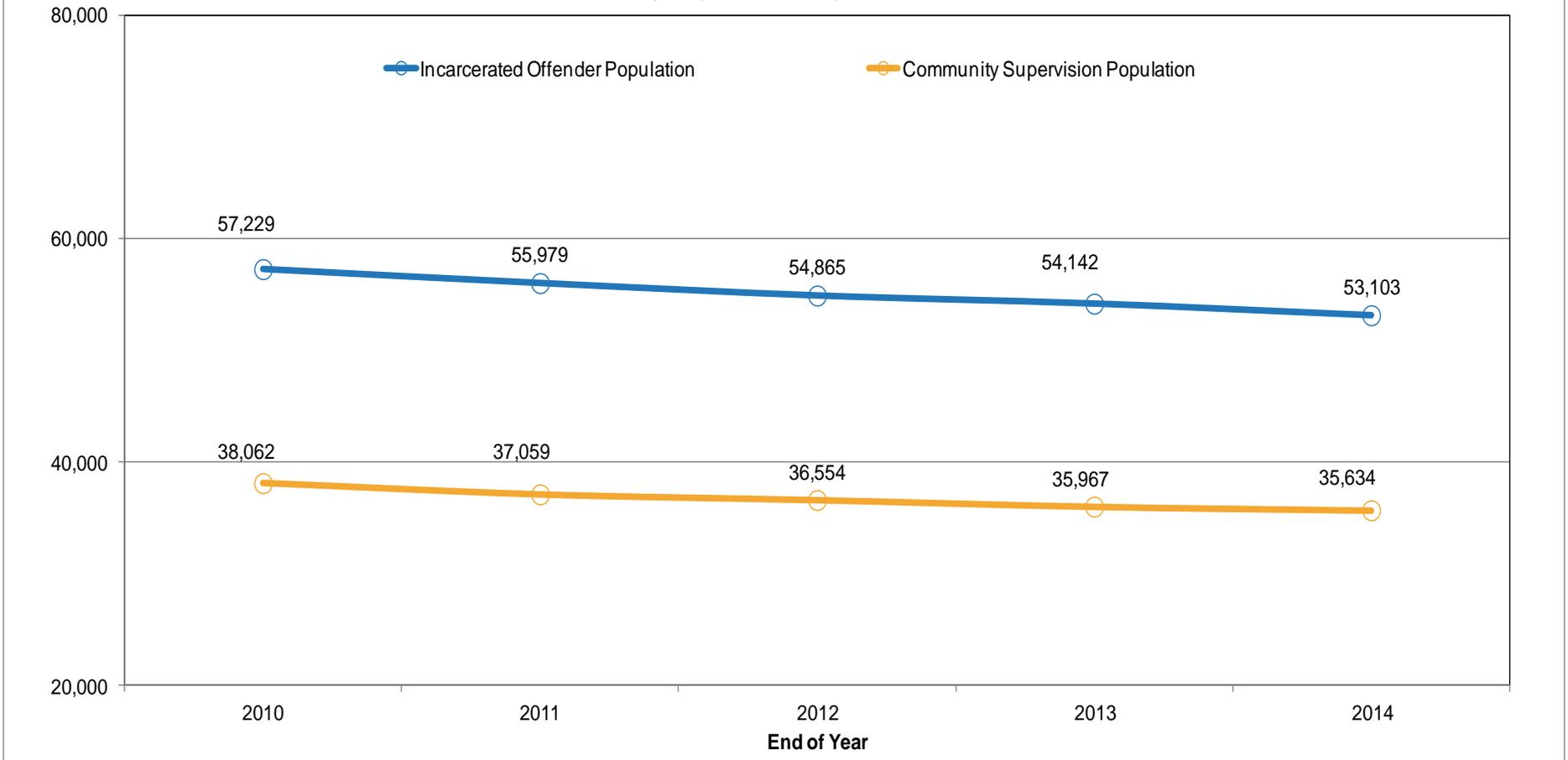
TABLE 4. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION POPULATION ALLOCATION
December 31, 2014

Total Streeted Parolees	27,658
Absconders	3,392
Other Active ¹	37
Confined in Local Custody	4,320
Confined in Federal or Other Facilities	227
Total Active Parolee Population	35,634
Incarcerated Parolees in DOCCS Facilities	562
Out of State Parolees ²	9,717
Total Parolee Population	45,913

¹ Parolees whose deaths have not yet been verified or are in Inactive supervision status.

² Parolees who have been deported, transferred to another state via the Interstate Compact or are incarcerated out of state.

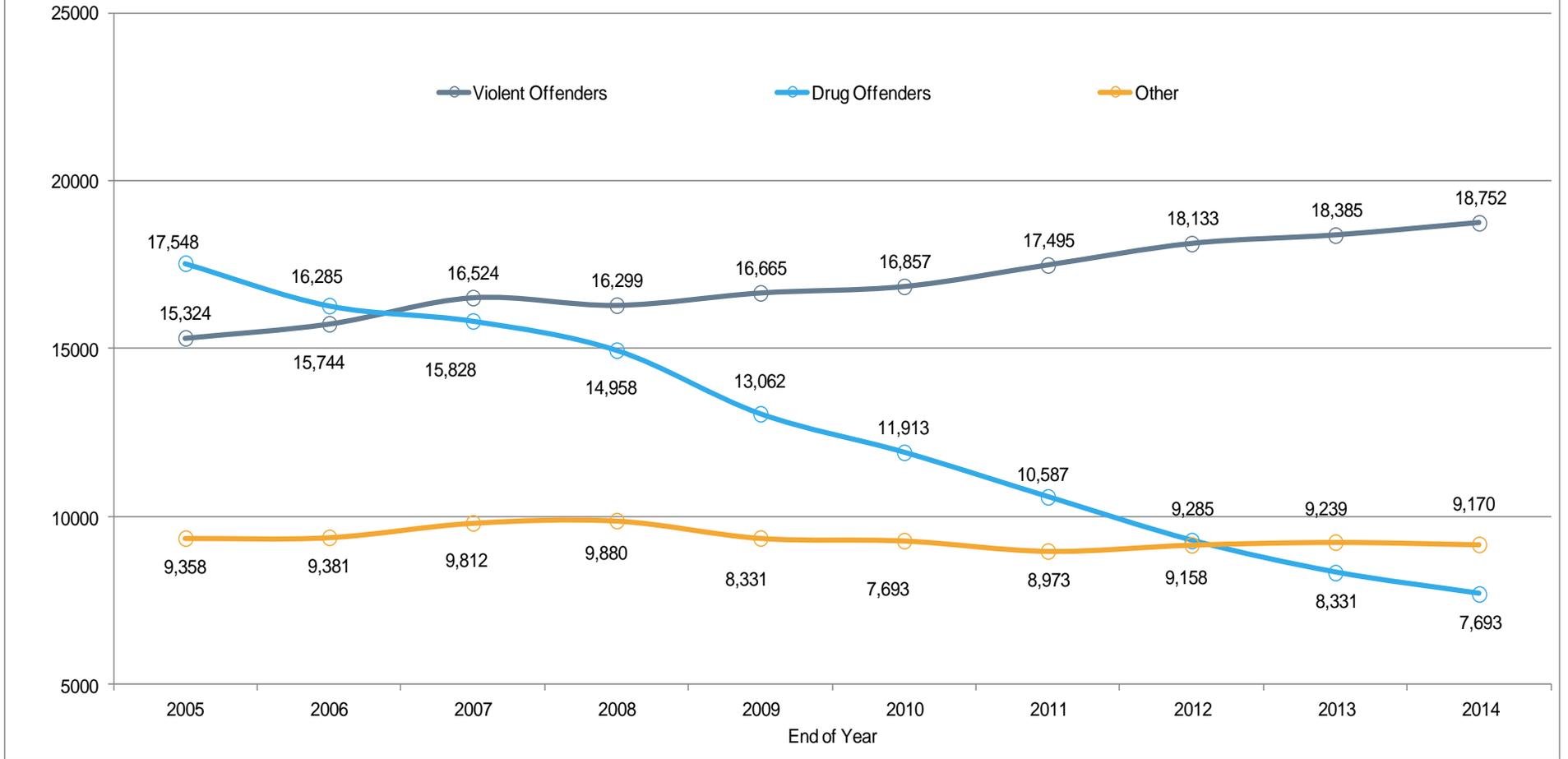
**Figure 1. Incarcerated Offender Population Down 7% ;
Community Supervision Population Down 6%**



**TABLE 5. SECURITY LEVEL AND FACILITY BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY DECEMBER 31, 2014**

		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
MAXIMUM SECURITY	BEDFORD HILLS	0	16	16
	DOWNSTATE	30	0	30
	ELMIRA	7	0	7
	FIVE POINTS	29	0	29
	SUBTOTAL	66	16	82
MEDIUM SECURITY	ALBION FEMALE	0	1	1
	CAYUGA	2	0	2
	FISHKILL	4	0	4
	HALE CREEK	2	0	2
	MARCY	3	0	3
	ULSTER	9	0	9
	SUBTOTAL	20	1	21
PAROLE PROGRAM FACILITY	EDGECOMBE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT	41	0	41
	HUDSON PDP	9	0	9
	ORLEANS PDP	36	0	36
	WILLARD	326	0	326
	WILLARD FEMALE	0	47	47
SUBTOTAL	412	47	459	
GRAND TOTAL		498	64	562

Figure 2. Community Supervision Population by Crime Type



**TABLE 6. ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT
OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
DECEMBER 31**

The proportion of Violent Felony Offenders and A1 Violent Offenders among those under supervision has increased in recent years primarily due to early discharge options for non-violent offenders. As of December 31, 2014 half (53 percent) of all offenders under Community Supervision were Violent Felony Offenders nearly while one-fourth (22 percent) were Drug Offenders.

December 31	A1 Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offender		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2005	15,324	36%	2,055	5%	17,548	42%	4,471	11%	1,925	5%	907	2%	42,230	100%
2006	15,744	38%	2,070	5%	16,285	39%	4,407	11%	2,061	5%	843	2%	41,410	100%
2007	16,524	39%	2,174	5%	15,828	38%	4,498	11%	2,231	5%	909	2%	42,164	100%
2008	16,299	40%	2,192	5%	14,958	36%	4,473	11%	2,263	6%	952	2%	41,137	100%
2009	16,665	43%	2,170	6%	13,062	33%	4,130	11%	2,124	5%	937	2%	39,088	100%
2010	16,857	44%	2,065	5%	11,913	31%	4,127	11%	2,276	6%	815	2%	38,053	100%
2011	17,495	47%	2,044	6%	10,587	29%	3,858	10%	2,293	6%	778	2%	37,055	100%
2012	18,133	50%	2,170	6%	9,285	25%	3,851	11%	2,377	6%	760	2%	36,576	100%
2013	18,385	51%	2,070	6%	8,331	23%	3,930	11%	2,493	7%	746	2%	35,955	100%
2014	18,752	53%	2,166	6%	7,693	22%	3,942	11%	2,361	7%	701	2%	35,615	100%

Note: Table excludes 54 local releases that were under supervision on December 31, 2005, 87 locals on December 31, 2006, 203 locals on December 31, 2007, 131 locals on December 31, 2008, 121 locals on December 31, 2009, 54 locals on December 31, 2010, 28 locals on December 31, 2011, 23 locals on December 31, 2012, 14 locals on December 31, 2013, and 19 locals on December 31, 2014.

The data in this table reflects parolees under community supervision in New York state and excludes parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

The sums of the percentage subtotals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Major Property includes Burglary 3, Grand Larceny, Forgery and Stolen Property.

**TABLE 7. CRIME BY GENDER
INCARCERATED PAROLEES UNDER CUSTODY ON DECEMBER 31, 2014**

COMMITMENT OFFENSE TYPE		GENDER		TOTAL
		MALE	FEMALE	
VIOLENT FELONY	ROBBERY 1ST	7	0	7
	ROBBERY 2ND	7	0	7
	ASSAULT 1ST	4	0	4
	ASSAULT 2ND	3	0	3
	BURGLARY 1ST	1	0	1
	BURGLARY 2ND	10	0	10
	WEAPONS OFFENSES	8	0	8
	SUBTOTAL	40	0	40
	<i>PERCENT VIOLENT FELONY</i>	8%	--	7%
OTHER COERCIVE	ROBBERY 3RD	20	1	21
	ATT ASSAULT 2ND	2	0	2
	CONSPIRACY 2,3,4	1	0	1
	OTHER WEAPONS	5	0	5
	OTHER COERCIVE	4	0	4
	SUBTOTAL	32	1	33
	<i>PERCENT OTHER COERCIVE</i>	6%	2%	6%
DRUG OFFENSES	DRUG SALE	104	16	120
	DRUG POSSESSION	85	11	96
	SUBTOTAL	189	27	216
	<i>PERCENT DRUG OFFENSES</i>	38%	42%	38%
PROPERTY & OTHER	BURGLARY 3RD	95	7	102
	GRAND LARCENY	39	11	50
	FORGERY	18	6	24
	STOLEN PROPERTY	16	4	20
	DRIVE INTOXICATED	17	3	20
	CONTEMPT 1ST	2	0	2
	ALL OTHER FELONIES	25	3	28
	SUBTOTAL	212	34	246
	<i>PERCENT PROPERTY AND OTHER OFFENSES</i>	43%	53%	44%
YOUTHFUL OFFENDER	SUBTOTAL	25	2	27
	<i>PERCENT YOUTHFUL OFFENDER</i>	5%	3%	5%
GRAND TOTAL		498	64	562

TABLE 8. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER FACTS*

The community supervision offender population is largely minority, poorly educated, underemployed, and concentrated in urban New York.

December 31, 2014

<u>Ethnicity</u>	<u>Service Needs</u>
49% - African American	60% - Drug Abuse
23% - Hispanic	45% - Alcohol Abuse
26% - White	55% - Unemployment
2% - Other	37% - No High School Diploma or Equivalency
<u>Sex</u>	<u>Residence</u>
93% - Male	48% - New York City
7% - Female	7% - Long Island
<u>Age</u>	45% - Upstate
Median 37	
<u>Conviction Crime**</u>	
<u>A-1 Violent*** and VFO Offenses 53%</u>	<u>Drugs 22%</u>
15% - Robbery	13% - Sale
8% - Murder/Manslaughter	9% - Possesion
9% - Weapons	
7% - Assault	<u>Property/Other 17%</u>
8% - Burglary	5%-Burglary
5% - Sex Offenses	4% - Larceny
1% - Kidnapping/Arson	2% - Other theft
	2% - DWI
	4% - Other
<u>Other Violent 7%</u>	<u>Youthful Offender 2%</u>
2% - Robbery	2% - Youthful Offender
5% - Other	

* This information is for parolees under supervision in New York State and excludes parolees incarcerated in New York state correctional facilities.

**All conviction crimes reflect top charge.

***A-1 violent offenses include Murder, Attempted Murder 1st, Arson 1st and Kidnapping 1st. VFOs include other legislatively-designated violent felony offenses.

TABLE 9A. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (NUMBERS)
December 31, 2014

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	5,103	4,883	1,365	4,027	4,597	3,846	4,298	5,170	33,289
Female	304	251	85	252	229	302	464	458	2,345
AGE									
16-17 years	4	5	0	1	7	3	2	2	24
18-20 years	81	110	1	62	85	69	105	122	635
21-29 years	1,518	1,242	60	991	1,144	1,138	1,441	1,703	9,237
30-39 years	1,655	1,473	210	1,134	1,435	1,292	1,531	1,773	10,503
40-49 years	1,174	1,218	415	1,015	1,145	850	956	1,064	7,837
50-59 years	751	852	453	790	781	595	541	731	5,494
60 years or older	224	234	311	286	229	201	186	233	1,904
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	2,923	3,512	436	2,344	2,388	2,095	1,251	2,431	17,380
Hispanic	1,147	1,147	807	1,361	2,110	583	382	550	8,087
White	1,125	349	150	445	218	1,368	2,983	2,533	9,171
Other	196	113	57	114	99	84	119	107	889
Unknown	16	13	0	15	11	18	27	7	107
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	3,027	2,418	797	2,173	2,757	2,615	3,282	4,159	21,228
No	2,216	2,579	339	1,947	1,887	1,381	1,307	1,287	12,943
Unknown	164	137	314	159	182	152	173	182	1,463
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	2,107	1,619	567	1,395	1,478	2,018	2,918	3,836	15,938
No	3,136	3,375	551	2,724	3,166	1,978	1,671	1,609	18,210
Unknown	164	140	332	160	182	152	173	183	1,486
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	1,585	1,188	0	874	1,382	1,289	1,219	1,728	9,265
Unemployed	2,199	2,538	0	1,903	2,021	1,754	2,285	2,516	15,216
Unable to be Employed	179	143	0	329	162	153	324	327	1,617
Unknown	182	201	0	203	231	199	255	253	1,524
EDUCATION									
No Degree	1,762	2,121	804	1,855	2,220	1,161	1,337	1,761	13,021
High School Grad/GED	3,355	2,727	614	2,180	2,359	2,666	3,259	3,693	20,853
At Least Some College	290	286	32	244	247	321	166	174	1,760
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
No Degree	1,762	2,121	804	1,855	2,220	1,161	1,337	1,761	13,021
High School Grad/GED	3,355	2,727	614	2,180	2,359	2,666	3,259	3,693	20,853
Other Coercive	324	309	66	208	242	256	368	394	2,167
Drug Offenses	1,009	806	693	1,073	1,232	894	1,050	939	7,696
Major Property	486	437	106	342	337	509	915	812	3,944
Other Felony	271	216	31	177	160	379	586	554	2,374
Youthful Offender	104	90	16	59	90	72	117	153	701
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	339	302	89	255	168	277	728	661	2,819
No	5,068	4,832	1,361	4,024	4,658	3,871	4,034	4,967	32,815
TOTAL CASES	5,407	5,134	1,450	4,279	4,826	4,148	4,762	5,628	35,634 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status based on streeted offenders under supervision only.

*** Excludes 2 unassigned offenders and includes 19 Local releases.

TABLE 9B. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS (PERCENTS)
December 31, 2014

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	94%	95%	94%	94%	95%	93%	90%	92%	93%
Female	6%	5%	6%	6%	5%	7%	10%	8%	7%
AGE									
16-17 years	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
18-20 years	1%	2%	0%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
21-29 years	28%	24%	4%	23%	24%	27%	30%	30%	26%
30-39 years	31%	29%	14%	27%	30%	31%	32%	32%	29%
40-49 years	22%	24%	29%	24%	24%	20%	20%	19%	22%
50-59 years	14%	17%	31%	18%	16%	14%	11%	13%	15%
60 years or older	4%	5%	21%	7%	5%	5%	4%	4%	5%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	54%	68%	30%	55%	49%	51%	26%	43%	49%
Hispanic	21%	22%	56%	32%	44%	14%	8%	10%	23%
White	21%	7%	10%	10%	5%	33%	63%	45%	26%
Other	4%	2%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	56%	47%	55%	51%	57%	63%	69%	74%	60%
No	41%	50%	23%	46%	39%	33%	27%	23%	36%
Unknown	3%	3%	22%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	4%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	39%	32%	39%	33%	31%	49%	61%	68%	45%
No	58%	66%	38%	64%	66%	48%	35%	29%	51%
Unknown	3%	3%	23%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	4%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	39%	29%	0%	26%	36%	38%	30%	36%	34%
Unemployed	54%	62%	0%	58%	53%	52%	56%	52%	55%
Unable to be Employed	4%	4%	0%	10%	4%	5%	8%	7%	6%
Unknown	4%	5%	0%	6%	6%	6%	6%	5%	6%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	33%	41%	55%	43%	46%	28%	28%	31%	37%
High School Grad/GED	62%	53%	42%	51%	49%	64%	68%	66%	59%
At Least Some College	5%	6%	2%	6%	5%	8%	3%	3%	5%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	4%	7%	1%	4%	5%	3%	1%	3%	4%
Legislative VFO	56%	57%	36%	52%	52%	46%	35%	46%	49%
Other Coercive	6%	6%	5%	5%	5%	6%	8%	7%	6%
Drug Offenses	19%	16%	48%	25%	26%	22%	22%	17%	22%
Major Property	9%	9%	7%	8%	7%	12%	19%	14%	11%
Other Felony	5%	4%	2%	4%	3%	9%	12%	10%	7%
Youthful Offender	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	6%	6%	6%	6%	3%	7%	15%	12%	8%
No	94%	94%	94%	94%	97%	93%	85%	88%	92%
TOTAL CASES	5,407	5,134	1,450	4,279	4,826	4,148	4,762	5,628	35,634 ***

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status based on streeted offenders under supervision only.

*** Excludes 2 unassigned offenders and includes 19 Local releases.

**** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

TABLE 10A. CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (NUMBERS)
December 31, 2014

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and parolees incarcerated in DOCCS facilities.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-20 years	3	5	0	7	1	3	2	7	28
21-29 years	70	63	6	52	62	75	147	133	608
30-39 years	85	65	11	64	64	99	173	159	720
40-49 years	81	61	17	59	64	68	106	106	562
50-59 years	51	43	35	58	33	42	33	45	340
60 years or older	14	14	16	12	5	15	3	8	87
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	146	171	25	156	124	105	74	140	941
Hispanic	39	44	36	55	90	28	24	15	331
White	106	30	21	38	13	163	351	288	1,010
Other	12	6	3	2	2	6	14	12	57
Unknown	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	6
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	162	110	44	140	125	187	333	347	1,448
No	135	131	22	104	89	102	102	97	782
Unknown	7	10	19	8	15	13	29	14	115
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	114	78	31	95	72	132	267	312	1,101
No	183	163	34	149	142	157	168	132	1,128
Unknown	7	10	20	8	15	13	29	14	116
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	67	55	0	31	49	83	90	140	515
Unemployed	153	132	0	124	119	165	266	235	1,194
Unable to be Employed	24	10	0	37	8	10	30	34	153
Unknown	8	13	0	13	13	17	35	19	118
EDUCATION									
No Degree	91	121	51	123	127	81	108	99	801
High School Grad/GED	192	115	32	115	91	202	339	340	1,426
At Least Some College	21	15	2	14	11	19	17	19	118
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	14	10	0	11	3	2	0	1	41
Legislative VFO	123	113	20	108	97	94	80	136	771
Other Coercive	24	17	3	14	13	23	39	36	169
Drug Offenses	64	46	46	52	78	58	138	85	567
Major Property	56	44	11	43	26	82	132	130	524
Other Felony	18	14	3	18	9	41	71	63	237
Youthful Offender	5	7	2	6	3	2	4	7	36
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	5	4	0	1	0	5	16	10	41
No	299	247	85	251	229	297	448	448	2,304
TOTAL CASES									
	304	251	85	252	229	302	464	458	2,345

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status based on active offenders under supervision only.

TABLE 10B. CHARACTERISTICS OF FEMALE OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION (PERCENTS)
December 31, 2014

The following table presents the characteristics of offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and incarcerated parolees and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
AGE									
16-17 years	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
18-20 years	1%	2%	0%	3%	0%	1%	0%	2%	1%
21-29 years	23%	25%	7%	21%	27%	25%	32%	29%	26%
30-39 years	28%	26%	13%	25%	28%	33%	37%	35%	31%
40-49 years	27%	24%	20%	23%	28%	23%	23%	23%	24%
50-59 years	17%	17%	41%	23%	14%	14%	7%	10%	14%
60 years or older	5%	6%	19%	5%	2%	5%	1%	2%	4%
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	48%	68%	29%	62%	54%	35%	16%	31%	40%
Hispanic	13%	18%	42%	22%	39%	9%	5%	3%	14%
White	35%	12%	25%	15%	6%	54%	76%	63%	43%
Other	4%	2%	4%	1%	1%	2%	3%	3%	2%
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	53%	44%	52%	56%	55%	62%	72%	76%	62%
No	44%	52%	26%	41%	39%	34%	22%	21%	33%
Unknown	2%	4%	22%	3%	7%	4%	6%	3%	5%
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	38%	31%	36%	38%	31%	44%	58%	68%	47%
No	60%	65%	40%	59%	62%	52%	36%	29%	48%
Unknown	2%	4%	24%	3%	7%	4%	6%	3%	5%
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	27%	26%	0%	15%	26%	30%	21%	33%	26%
Unemployed	61%	63%	0%	60%	63%	60%	63%	55%	60%
Unable to be Employed	10%	5%	0%	18%	4%	4%	7%	8%	8%
Unknown	3%	6%	0%	6%	7%	6%	8%	4%	6%
EDUCATION									
No Degree	30%	48%	60%	49%	55%	27%	23%	22%	34%
High School Grad/GED	63%	46%	38%	46%	40%	67%	73%	74%	61%
At Least Some College	7%	6%	2%	6%	5%	6%	4%	4%	5%
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	5%	4%	0%	4%	1%	1%	0%	0%	2%
Legislative VFO	40%	45%	24%	43%	42%	31%	17%	30%	33%
Other Coercive	8%	7%	4%	6%	6%	8%	8%	8%	7%
Drug Offenses	21%	18%	54%	21%	34%	19%	30%	19%	24%
Major Property	18%	18%	13%	17%	11%	27%	28%	28%	22%
Other Felony	6%	6%	4%	7%	4%	14%	15%	14%	10%
Youthful Offender	2%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	2%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%	3%	2%	2%
No	98%	98%	100%	100%	100%	98%	97%	98%	98%
TOTAL CASES									
	304	251	85	252	229	302	464	458	2,345

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status based on active offenders under supervision only.

*** Subtotal percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**Table 11. Characteristics of Juvenile Offenders Under Community Supervision
December 31, 2014**

The following table presents the characteristics of Juvenile Offenders supervised within New York State by Region. The figures exclude temporary release, community preparation and unassigned cases and have been adjusted for missing information.

	QUEENS/ LI	BROOKLYN	NYC ABSCONDERS*	MANHATTAN	BRONX	HUDSON VALLEY	CENTRAL NY	WESTERN NY	IN-STATE TOTAL
GENDER									
Male	11	28	3	11	21	13	10	11	108
Female	1	3	2	4	1	0	0	1	12
TOTAL GENDER	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120
AGE									
16-17 years	4	5	0	1	7	3	2	0	22
18-20 years	7	22	0	13	11	7	8	10	78
21-22 years	1	3	0	1	2	3	0	2	12
23-24 years	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
25 years or Older	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	6
TOTAL AGE	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120
RACE/ETHNICITY									
African American	9	24	2	9	15	11	9	11	90
Hispanic	2	7	1	6	7	0	0	0	23
White	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Other	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	4
TOTAL RACE/ETHNICITY	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120
DRUG ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	7	19	4	7	16	10	8	5	76
No	3	12	1	8	6	3	1	7	41
TOTAL DRUG ABUSE	10	31	5	15	22	13	9	12	117
ALCOHOL ABUSE HISTORY									
Yes	3	10	4	2	9	6	6	3	43
No	7	21	1	13	13	7	3	9	74
TOTAL ALCOHOL ABUSE	10	31	5	15	22	13	9	12	117
EMPLOYMENT STATUS**									
Employed	0	3	N/A	1	1	2	0	1	8
Unemployed	2	16	N/A	9	10	6	4	5	52
Unable to be Employed	1	2	N/A	1	2	1	0	2	9
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	3	21	N/A	11	13	9	4	8	69
EDUCATION									
Grade School Only	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	4
Some High School	0	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	5
High School Diploma or Equivalency	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	6
TOTAL EDUCATION	0	5	3	1	1	2	1	2	15
ORIGINAL CONVICTION OFFENSE									
A-1 Violent	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Legislative VFO	5	10	2	7	10	10	8	9	61
Youthful or Juvenile Offender	7	21	2	8	12	3	2	3	58
TOTAL ORIG. CONVICTION	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY OFFENSE									
Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
No	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	11	119
TOTAL SEX OFFENDER	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120
TOTAL CASES	12	31	5	15	22	13	10	12	120

Notes:

* NYC Absconder Caseloads assigned to the Warrant Squads and Bureau of Special Services.

** Employment status based on active offenders under supervision only.

TABLE 12. COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL BY REGION FOR PAROLEES IN THE COMMUNITY
December 31, 2014

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Pending		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent								
Queens-LI	1,090	26%	581	14%	1,279	31%	1,132	27%	63	2%	4,145	100%
Brooklyn	1,087	27%	615	15%	1,243	31%	1,067	26%	58	1%	4,070	100%
Manhattan	1,047	32%	611	18%	825	25%	769	23%	57	2%	3,309	100%
Bronx	886	23%	763	20%	1,156	30%	925	24%	66	2%	3,796	100%
Hudson Valley	811	24%	1,292	38%	736	22%	511	15%	45	1%	3,395	100%
Central NY	1,188	29%	755	18%	1,202	29%	904	22%	34	1%	4,083	100%
Western	1,335	28%	857	18%	1,450	30%	1,148	24%	34	1%	4,824	100%
Total	7,444	27%	5,474	20%	7,891	29%	6,456	23%	357	1%	27,622	100%

Note: this table reflects parolees supervised on the street in New York state and excludes those in the violation process, incarcerated in DOCCS facilities and out of state or in ICE custody, and absconders at large.

Note: Percentage totals may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Section 3 - Violation Process

There are three major outcomes associated with violations of the conditions of parole supervision: return to prison, placement in an alternative program, and restoration to the community. A parolee can be ordered returned to prison to serve a time assessment imposed at a parole revocation hearing. It is possible that a parolee will serve the full time assessment in local jail rather than prison because he or she was also facing local criminal charges. Another sanction that can be imposed for the violation of parole supervision is placement in an alternative program, such as drug treatment at the Willard Drug Treatment Campus. Finally, a parolee can have his or her parole supervision revoked, but be restored to community supervision, frequently with an additional condition to participate in specified programming in the community.

- Of the 14,556 warrants issued in 2014, 39% were issued to parolees supervised at Level 1, 29% at Level 2, 23% at Level 3 and 8% at Level 4. Nearly half of the parolees under supervision were supervised at Level 1 or 2, but two-thirds of warrants issued were to individuals supervised at Levels 1 or 2. (Table 13)
- Between 2010 and 2014, the number of ultimate violation process outcomes for parole violators with sustained charges decreased by 10%, from 13,522 in 2010 to 12,202 in 2014. Between 2013 and 2014, the number of outcomes decreased by 8%.
- In 2014, the majority (85%) of violation outcomes were ordered to prison, Willard or an Alternative 90 or 45 Day Program, while 15% were revoked and restored to the street or a program in the community. (Table 14)
- Between 2010 and 2014, the proportion of total violation outcomes in which a parolee was ordered returned to prison, Willard or an alternative program decreased slightly from 86% to 85%. The number of violation outcomes resulting in a return to prison, Willard or an alternative program decreased by 10% between 2013 and 2014. (Table 14)
- Parolees who had a parole violation that resulted in the revocation of parole supervision and return to prison have consistently made up the largest category of violation process outcomes. In 2014, 61% of violations resulted in a decision of Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison. This was a decrease from 64% in 2013. (Table 14)
- Between 2010 and 2014, the number of violations resulting in parolees being returned to prison decreased by 16%; between 2013 and 2014, the number decreased by 11%. (Table 14)
- In 2010, 20% of violations resulted in placement at Willard (including the Alt 90 program) or in the Edgecombe Alt 45 program. By 2014, the proportion of violations resulting in placement in these programs increased to 24%. (Table 14)

TABLE 13. 2014 WARRANTS ISSUED BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Type of Warrant							
	Absconder		New Arrest		Rule Violation		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	2,191	37%	1,830	35%	1,677	50%	5,698	39%
2 (40:1)	1,980	33%	1,416	27%	865	26%	4,261	29%
3 (80:1)	1,340	22%	1,393	27%	605	18%	3,338	23%
4 (160:1)	420	7%	509	10%	200	6%	1,129	8%
Pending	52	1%	43	1%	35	1%	130	1%
TOTAL	5,983	100%	5,191	100%	3,382	100%	14,556	100%

Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community	
December 31, 2014	
1 (25:1)	27%
2 (40:1)	20%
3 (80:1)	29%
4 (160:1)	23%
Pending	1%
TOTAL	100%

**TABLE 14. ULTIMATE DISPOSITIONS FOR VIOLATIONS
WITH CHARGES SUSTAINED**

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Total	Percent								
Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison	8,886	65.7%	8,705	64.8%	8,502	64.2%	8,415	63.6%	7,460	61.1%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Mandatory	1,022	7.6%	937	7.0%	935	7.1%	877	6.6%	852	7.0%
Revoke and Restore to Willard - Voluntary	158	1.2%	172	1.3%	201	1.5%	163	1.2%	159	1.3%
Alternative 90 Day Program	1,433	10.6%	1,718	12.8%	1,654	12.5%	1,804	13.6%	1,714	14.0%
Alternative 45 Day Program	139	1.0%	64	0.5%	121	0.9%	197	1.5%	164	1.3%
TOTAL ORDERED TO PRISON, WILLARD OR ALT PROGRAM	11,638	86.1%	11,596	86.3%	11,413	86.2%	11,456	86.6%	10,349	84.8%
Revoke and Restore to Street or Program	1,884	13.9%	1,839	13.7%	1,829	13.8%	1,768	13.4%	1,853	15.2%
TOTAL OUTCOMES	13,522	100%	13,435	100%	13,242	100%	13,224	100%	12,202	100%

Revoke and Restore to Street - Time Served	633	563	424	411	379
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Notes: Revoke and Ordered Returned to Prison includes some cases that were ultimately restored to supervision after serving the complete time assessment while in local jail, with no return to prison. The subset of Time Served cases is presented immediately above.

Cases included in the table had their VIOLATORS record closed during the year reported.

Section 4 – Parolees Removed from Community Supervision

Parolees are removed from community supervision as a result of being returned to prison for violating the conditions of release, being convicted of a new offense, or being successfully discharged. Parolees are successfully discharged after reaching their Maximum Expiration date, thereby completing their sentence, or prior to the completion of their sentence through one of the early discharge mechanisms, including Merit Termination², Mandatory Termination³, and Board Three Year Discharge⁴.

- In 2014, 54% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were discharged. This was a decrease from 59% in 2005. (Table 15)
- Seventeen percent of parolees discharged in 2014 (1,973) received an early discharge by way of either Merit or Mandatory Termination of sentence. This was a decrease from 2005, when 33% (4,815) of parolees received either a Merit or Mandatory Merit discharge. (Table 15)
- In 2014, 46% of parolees removed from Community Supervision were returned to prison. This was an increase from 41% in 2005 and a decrease from a high of 47% in 2007. (Table 15)
- The number of parolees returned to prison for new felony convictions declined 33% since 2005, from 2,093 to 1,402 in 2014. These returns made up 6% of all removals from supervision in 2014, down from 8% in 2005 and down from a high of 9% in 2006.
- There were 8,505 rule violators removed from community supervision in 2014, including 1,890 parolees sent to the Alternate 90 Day and Alternate 45 Day programs. This was the lowest number since 2005 and represented a decrease of 18% from the 10,350 rule violator returns in 2008. These returns comprised 39% of all removals from supervision in 2014, up from 33% in 2005. (Tables 15 and 16)
- Among the 51,274 parolees who spent time under active supervision in 2014, 3% were returned to prison with new court convictions. This represents a slight decrease from 4% in 2005. (Table 16)
- In 2014, 17% of the 51,274 parolees who spent time under active supervision were returned to prison as rule violators. This was an increase from 14% in 2005. (Table 16)

² For those under DOCCS community supervision for a felony drug conviction, a mandatory termination of sentence must be granted, by law, after either two or three continuous years of unrevoked suspension, with the time period dependent upon the felony class of the instant offense.

³ DOCCS has the discretionary authority to discharge eligible non-violent offenders from their sentence after either one or two continuous years of unrevoked supervision, depending upon the felony class of the instant offense.

⁴ The Board of Parole has the authority to grant discharge prior to the expiration of sentence to statutorily eligible offenders under DOCCS community supervision following three continuous years of unrevoked suspension.

- Between 2005 and 2014, the proportion of A1 Violent/Legislative VFO offenders among parolees returned with new convictions increased from 28% to 46%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders decreased from 46% to 25%. This is consistent with the changes in the representation of these offenses among the supervised population. (Table 17)
- Similar to returns for new convictions, between 2005 and 2014, the proportion of A1 Violent/Legislative VFO offenders amongst rule violators returned to prison has steadily increased from 27% to 45%, while the proportion of Drug Offenders has decreased from 43% to 22%. (Table 19)
- Among 2014 returns to prison, there was an inverse relationship between supervision level and rate of return. Specifically, 41% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 1, while 7% of returns were among offenders supervised at Level 4. (Table 21)
- While 47% of parolees under supervision in the community on December 31, 2014 were supervised at Level 1 or 2, 70% of parolees returned to prison were supervised at Levels 1 or 2. (Table 21)

TABLE 15. PAROLEES REMOVED FROM COMMUNITY SUPERVISION: 2005-2014

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Removals from Community Supervision										
Returned Rule Violations	8,092	9,432	9,719	8,997	7,970	7,546	7,427	7,479	7,322	6,615
<i>ALT 90 Day</i>	--	--	188	1,323	1,190	1,403	1,696	1,689	1,773	1,726
<i>ALT 45 Day</i>	--	--	--	30	172	138	63	124	183	164
Total Returned Rule Violations	8,092	9,432	9,907	10,350	9,332	9,087	9,186	9,292	9,278	8,505
<i>Rule Violations Percent of Total Removals</i>	33%	39%	39%	38%	35%	36%	38%	39%	40%	39%
Returned New Felony Convictions	2,093	2,088	1,968	1,710	1,553	1,538	1,496	1,363	1,406	1,402
<i>New Felony Percent of Total Removals</i>	8%	9%	8%	6%						
Total Returned to Prison	10,185	11,520	11,875	12,060	10,885	10,625	10,682	10,655	10,684	9,907
<i>Returned Percent of Total Removals</i>	41%	47%	47%	44%	41%	42%	44%	45%	46%	46%
Discharged From Supervision	9,791	9,441	10,254	12,354	12,234	11,837	10,917	10,336	10,326	9,881
Merit Termination	2,160	1,468	1,051	1,022	2,375	1,964	2,276	2,496	2,100	1,846
Mandatory Termination	2,655	1,850	2,045	1,861	1,358	853	543	258	163	127
Total Discharges	14,606	12,759	13,350	15,237	15,967	14,654	13,736	13,090	12,589	11,854
<i>Discharge Percent of Total Removals</i>	59%	53%	53%	56%	59%	58%	56%	55%	54%	54%
GRAND TOTAL REMOVALS	24,791	24,279	25,225	27,297	26,852	25,279	24,418	23,745	23,273	21,761

**TABLE 16. PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON: 2005 to 2014
as a Proportion of the Parolee Dynamic Population**

Return Reason	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
New Court Conviction	2,093 3.5%	2,088 3.6%	1,968 3.3%	1,710 2.8%	1,553 2.7%	1,538 2.7%	1,496 2.7%	1,363 2.6%	1,406 2.7%	1,402 2.7%
Violating Conditions of Parole¹	8,092 13.7%	9,432 16.4%	9,907 16.8%	10,350 17.1%	9,332 16.0%	9,087 16.1%	9,186 16.8%	9,292 17.4%	9,278 17.7%	8,505 16.6%
Total Prison Returns During Year	10,185 17.3%	11,520 20.0%	11,875 20.1%	12,060 19.9%	10,885 18.6%	10,625 18.9%	10,682 19.6%	10,655 20.0%	10,684 20.4%	9,907 19.3%
Dynamic Population²	58,967	57,579	59,117	60,526	58,461	56,267	54,553	53,284	52,307	51,274

¹ Included in the number of offenders returned for violating conditions of Parole are cases ordered to the Department's Alternative 90 and Alternative 45 day programs. The number of Alt 90 entrants was 188 for 2007; 1,323 for 2008; 1,190 for 2009; 1,403 for 2010; 1,696 for 2011; 1,689 for 2012; 1,781 for 2013 and 1,726 for 2014. The number of Alt 45 entrants was 30 for 2008; 172 for 2009; 138 for 2010; 63 for 2011; 124 for 2012; 183 for 2013 and 164 for 2014.

² The dynamic population reflects the number of people who spent at least some time under active supervision (start of year active population plus all releases to supervision) over the course of the year.

**TABLE 17. PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON AS NEW COMMITMENTS: 2005 TO 2014
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT**

The number of Drug Offenders returned to prison after conviction of a new felony has decreased by 64 percent since 2005.

This reflects the combined impact of decreases in the drug offender population under supervision and significant numbers of drug offenders returned for rule violations before they commit new crimes. In 2014, 349 Drug Offenders were returned to DOCCS for committing new crimes.

Year	A1 Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2005	588	28%	82	4%	969	46%	346	17%	60	3%	48	2%	2,093	100%
2006	612	29%	89	4%	931	45%	314	15%	80	4%	62	3%	2,088	100%
2007	607	31%	81	4%	869	44%	303	15%	55	3%	53	3%	1,968	100%
2008	533	31%	78	5%	722	42%	257	15%	70	4%	50	3%	1,710	100%
2009	516	33%	70	5%	601	39%	254	16%	69	4%	43	3%	1,553	100%
2010	631	41%	70	5%	493	32%	248	16%	51	3%	45	3%	1,538	100%
2011	599	40%	57	4%	470	31%	257	17%	69	5%	44	3%	1,496	100%
2012	583	43%	61	4%	386	28%	230	17%	75	6%	28	2%	1,363	100%
2013	652	46%	68	5%	380	27%	200	14%	70	5%	36	3%	1,406	100%
2014	644	46%	54	4%	349	25%	255	18%	64	5%	36	3%	1,402	100%

TABLE 18. ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF NEW FELONY RETURNS TO PRISON: 2010 TO 2014

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
A1 VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	6	<1%	10	1%	8	1%	14	1%	13	1%
Kidnapping 1st	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
Arson 1st	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
TOTAL A1 Violent	6	<1%	10	1%	8	1%	14	1%	13	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	10	1%	10	1%	9	1%	18	1%	11	1%
Manslaughter 1st	10	1%	11	1%	14	1%	16	1%	10	1%
Rape 1st	6	<1%	5	<1%	6	<1%	7	<1%	7	0%
Robbery 1st	112	7%	105	7%	97	7%	111	8%	99	7%
Robbery 2nd	157	10%	136	9%	122	9%	153	11%	133	9%
Assault 1st	22	1%	25	2%	15	1%	25	2%	23	2%
Other Assault	51	3%	47	3%	48	4%	36	3%	49	3%
Burglary 1st	10	1%	12	1%	8	1%	13	1%	19	1%
Burglary 2nd	111	7%	124	8%	138	10%	125	9%	145	10%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	2	<1%	1	<1%	0	--	0	--	1	<1%
Sodomy 1st	3	<1%	4	<1%	3	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Sexual Abuse	7	<1%	9	<1%	4	<1%	9	1%	7	<1%
Weapons Offense	123	8%	95	6%	109	8%	121	9%	121	9%
Terrorism/False Bombing	0	--	0	--	0	--	1	<1%	2	<1%
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	1	<1%	5	<1%	2	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	625	41%	589	39%	575	42%	638	45%	631	45%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	3	<1%	0	--	1	<1%	2	<1%	0	--
Other Homicide	0	--	1	<1%	0	--	1	<1%	0	--
Robbery 3rd	45	3%	34	2%	36	3%	35	2%	39	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	8	1%	9	<1%	10	1%	12	1%	4	<1%
Other Sex Offenses	2	<1%	3	<1%	5	<1%	7	<1%	5	<1%
Other Coercive	12	1%	10	1%	9	1%	11	1%	6	<1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	70	5%	57	4%	61	4%	68	5%	54	4%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	293	19%	254	17%	200	15%	221	16%	191	14%
Drug Possession	200	13%	216	14%	186	14%	159	11%	158	11%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	493	32%	470	31%	386	28%	380	27%	349	25%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	116	8%	133	9%	127	9%	93	7%	117	8%
Grand Larceny	68	4%	64	4%	61	4%	53	4%	85	6%
Forgery	29	2%	30	2%	14	1%	24	2%	32	2%
Stolen Property	35	2%	30	2%	28	2%	32	2%	21	1%
TOTAL Major Property	248	16%	257	17%	230	17%	202	14%	255	18%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	10	1%	22	1%	22	2%	15	1%	16	1%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	14	1%	11	1%	20	1%	16	1%	15	1%
All Other Felonies	27	2%	36	2%	33	2%	37	3%	33	2%
TOTAL Other Felony	51	3%	69	5%	75	6%	68	5%	64	5%
YOUTHFUL										
Youthful Offenders	45	3%	44	3%	28	2%	36	3%	36	3%
TOTAL YO	45	3%	44	3%	28	2%	36	3%	36	3%
GRAND TOTAL	1,538	100%	1,496	100%	1,363	100%	1,406	100%	1,402	100%

**TABLE 19. PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON FOR RULE VIOLATIONS: 2005 TO 2014
ORIGINAL CRIME OF COMMITMENT**

In 2014, 3,868 Violent Felony Offenders were returned to prison for rule violations. As the proportion of Drug Offenders under supervision has decreased, the number of Drug Offenders returned to prison for rule violations has also decreased. In 2005, just over one-quarter (27%) of all rule violation returns were violent felony offenders and 43% were Drug Offenders. In 2014, less than one-quarter (22%) of rule violation returns were drug offenders and 45% were violent felony offenders.

Calendar Year	A1 Violent and Legislative VFO		Other Coercive		Drug Offenses		Major Property		Other Felony		Youthful Offenders		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2005	2,192	27%	561	7%	3,453	43%	1,257	16%	358	4%	271	3%	8,092	100%
2006	2,829	30%	611	6%	3,707	39%	1,522	16%	478	5%	285	3%	9,432	100%
2007	3,036	31%	667	7%	3,808	38%	1,526	15%	569	6%	301	3%	9,907	100%
2008	3,382	33%	652	6%	3,808	37%	1,566	15%	615	6%	327	3%	10,350	100%
2009	3,119	33%	617	7%	3,418	37%	1,351	14%	544	6%	283	3%	9,332	100%
2010	3,268	36%	642	7%	3,045	34%	1,328	15%	534	6%	270	3%	9,087	100%
2011	3,487	38%	586	6%	2,886	31%	1,373	15%	575	6%	279	3%	9,186	100%
2012	3,889	42%	620	7%	2,539	27%	1,319	14%	614	7%	311	3%	9,292	100%
2013	4,076	44%	719	8%	2,184	24%	1,383	15%	625	7%	291	3%	9,278	100%
2014	3,868	45%	629	7%	1,832	22%	1,322	16%	596	7%	258	3%	8,505	100%

TABLE 20. ORIGINAL COMMITMENT OFFENSE OF RULE RETURNS TO PRISON: 2010 TO 2014

COMMITMENT OFFENSE	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
A1 VIOLENT OFFENSES										
Murder, Murder 1st & 2nd, Att. Murder 1st	43	<1%	39	<1%	65	1%	54	1%	53	1%
Kidnapping 1st	2	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%
Arson 1st	1	<1%	0	--	1	<1%	1	<1%	0	--
TOTAL A1 Violent	46	1%	40	<1%	67	1%	56	1%	54	1%
LEGISLATIVE VFO										
Attempted Murder 2nd	50	1%	55	1%	64	1%	53	1%	56	1%
Manslaughter 1st	75	1%	68	1%	93	1%	93	1%	57	1%
Rape 1st	109	1%	74	1%	115	1%	125	1%	101	1%
Robbery 1st	463	5%	487	5%	548	6%	533	6%	501	6%
Robbery 2nd	733	8%	796	9%	814	9%	829	9%	806	9%
Assault 1st	117	1%	126	1%	148	2%	146	2%	159	2%
Other Assault	348	4%	364	4%	366	4%	396	4%	398	5%
Burglary 1st	69	1%	75	1%	77	1%	86	1%	80	1%
Burglary 2nd	550	6%	620	7%	695	7%	756	8%	787	9%
Attempted Arson 1st, Arson 2nd	15	<1%	14	<1%	19	<1%	24	<1%	15	<1%
Sodomy 1st	74	1%	62	1%	103	1%	97	1%	81	1%
Sexual Abuse	178	2%	208	2%	217	2%	259	3%	184	2%
Weapons Offense	425	5%	487	5%	552	6%	599	6%	575	7%
Terrorism/False Bombing	5	<1%	3	<1%	4	<1%	6	<1%	3	<1%
Attempted Kidnapping 1st, Kidnapping 2nd	11	<1%	8	<1%	7	<1%	18	<1%	11	<1%
TOTAL Legislative VFO	3,222	35%	3,447	37%	3,822	41%	4,020	43%	3,814	45%
OTHER COERCIVE										
Manslaughter 2nd	16	<1%	8	<1%	15	<1%	11	<1%	15	<1%
Other Homicide	2	<1%	13	<1%	6	<1%	6	<1%	5	<1%
Robbery 3rd	315	3%	295	3%	278	3%	312	3%	290	3%
Attempted Assault 2nd	89	1%	78	1%	100	1%	119	1%	95	1%
Other Sex Offenses	112	1%	112	1%	132	1%	161	2%	141	2%
Other Coercive	108	1%	80	1%	89	1%	110	1%	83	1%
TOTAL Other Coercive	642	7%	586	6%	620	7%	719	8%	629	7%
DRUG OFFENSES										
Drug Sale	2,052	23%	1,948	21%	1,658	18%	1,414	15%	1,172	14%
Drug Possession	993	11%	938	10%	881	9%	770	8%	660	8%
TOTAL Drug Offenses	3,045	34%	2,886	31%	2,539	27%	2,184	24%	1,832	22%
MAJOR PROPERTY										
Burglary 3rd	603	7%	656	7%	637	7%	693	7%	657	8%
Grand Larceny	375	4%	375	4%	349	4%	355	4%	378	4%
Forgery	178	2%	174	2%	157	2%	178	2%	149	2%
Stolen Property	172	2%	168	2%	176	2%	157	2%	138	2%
TOTAL Major Property	1,328	15%	1,373	15%	1,319	14%	1,383	15%	1,322	16%
OTHER FELONY										
Driving While Intoxicated	154	2%	171	2%	154	2%	128	1%	124	1%
Non-Violent Weapons Offense	86	1%	86	1%	101	1%	100	1%	120	1%
All Other Felonies	294	3%	319	3%	359	4%	397	4%	352	4%
TOTAL Other Felony	534	6%	575	6%	614	7%	625	7%	596	7%
YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS										
Youthful Offenders	270	3%	279	3%	311	3%	291	3%	258	3%
TOTAL YO	270	3%	279	3%	311	3%	291	3%	258	3%
GRAND TOTAL	9,087	100%	9,186	100%	9,292	100%	9,278	100%	8,505	100%

TABLE 21. PAROLEES RETURNED TO PRISON DURING 2014 BY SUPERVISION LEVEL

	Return Reason					
	New Court Conviction		Violating Conditions of Parole		Total	
Supervision Level	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	511	36%	3,534	42%	4,045	41%
2 (40:1)	366	26%	2,512	30%	2,878	29%
3 (80:1)	371	26%	1,775	21%	2,146	22%
4 (160:1)	143	10%	574	7%	717	7%
Pending	11	1%	110	1%	121	1%
TOTAL	1,402	100%	8,505	100%	9,907	100%

Supervision Level for Parolees in the Community	
December 31, 2014	
1 (25:1)	27%
2 (40:1)	20%
3 (80:1)	29%
4 (160:1)	23%
Pending	1%
TOTAL	100%

Section 5 – Parolees Supervised Out of State

- At the end of 2014, there were 1,299 parolees from New York who were being actively supervised out of state under the Interstate Compact.
- Between 2010 and 2014, the number of parolees being supervised out of state decreased slightly by 63 or 5%.
- During 2014, 503 parolees were transferred out of New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This was a decrease of 113 or 18% from the 616 transfers in 2013.

**TABLE 22. PAROLEES SUPERVISED OUT OF STATE
UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT
DECEMBER 31**

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1,362	1,321	1,291	1,113	1,299

Section 6 – Parolees Supervised from Other States

- At the end of 2014, there were 1,102 parolees from other states who were being actively supervised in New York under the Interstate Compact.
- Between 2010 and 2014, the number of parolees from other states being supervised increased by 154 or 16%.
- During 2014, 590 parolees were transferred from other states to New York to complete their community supervision under the Interstate Compact. This was a decrease of 60 or 9% from the 650 transfers in 2013.
- The majority of parolees from other states (52%) are supervised as Level 3 and 4.

TABLE 23. PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK UNDER THE INTERSTATE COMPACT DECEMBER 31

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
948	986	1,050	1,111	1,102

TABLE 24. PAROLEES FROM OTHER STATES SUPERVISED IN NEW YORK BY COMPAS SUPERVISION LEVEL

Supervision Level	Number	Percent
1 (25:1)	142	13%
2 (40:1)	116	11%
3 (80:1)	226	21%
4 (160:1)	341	31%
Pending	277	25%
TOTAL	1,102	100%

*Percentage total may not equal 100% due to rounding.

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